

# EU-Ukraine DCFTA and war in Ukraine



## Solidarity Lanes:

- Launched in May 2022;
- Provide help with exports of agricultural products;
- Improvement of infrastructure connection between EU and Ukraine;
- Partial lift of barriers for Ukraine.

## Autonomous Trade Measures:

- Lifting any barriers for Ukraine for a period of time;
- Opening European market for Ukrainian manufacturers;
- Enhancement of trade liberalization for Ukraine.

## Priority Action Plan:

- Provide more trade access to Ukraine, i.e. roaming;
- Enhance bilateral trade between parties;
- Expand possibilities of development for other projects.

## Humanitarian aid:

- Activation of Temporary Protection Mechanism for Ukrainian refugees;
- 685 million euros for humanitarian aid, including providing shelter for IDP;
- Help in rebuilding Ukrainian schools and infrastructure.

## Macro-financial assistance:

- Provide funds to support Ukrainian budget needs;
- Help with macro-financial stability of Ukraine;
- Develop into several tranches;
- Overall - 18 billion euros.

## Military assistance:

- Providing funds with the help of European Peace Facility (EPF);
- Training of Ukrainian military with the help of EU Military Assistance Mission (EUMAM).
- Overall - 15 billion euros.

## Initiatives:

More initiatives developed and implemented, mostly with the help of The Support Group for Ukraine (SGUA), i.e. providing LED lightbulbs and power generators. Other EU initiatives adapted their work to provide required help. Another important initiative is work within making Russia accountable for the war crimes in Ukraine.

## Candidate status:

- Updating Ukrainian legal framework to European law;
- Implementation of Reforms;
- Achieving significant progress in 7 recommendations from the Commission.